

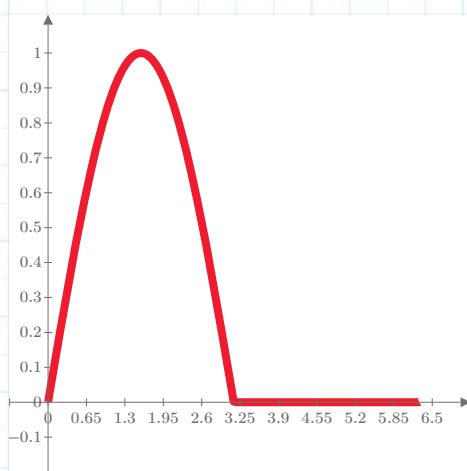
Ex.F7 Fourier-Analysis (Root mean squared value and average value of half waves)

$$E_m := 1 \text{ V} \quad f := 50 \text{ Hz} \quad \phi := 0 \text{ deg} \quad \omega := 2 \cdot \pi \cdot f$$

$$m := 100 \quad m: \text{ Number of harmonics}$$

$$\theta := 0, 0.01 \dots 2 \pi$$

$$f(\theta) := \frac{1}{\pi} + \sum_{n=1}^m \left(\frac{2}{\pi} \frac{-1}{(2 \cdot n)^2 - 1} \cdot \cos(2 \cdot n \cdot (\theta + \phi)) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(\theta + \phi)$$



$f(\theta)$

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$$E_0 := \frac{1}{\pi} \quad E_1 := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 2}$$

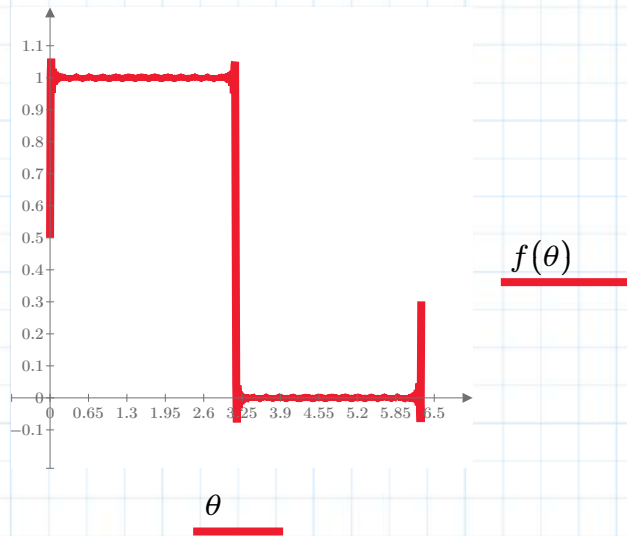
$$E_n := \frac{2}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \pi} \cdot \frac{1}{(2 \cdot n)^2 - 1}$$

$$E := \sqrt{E_0^2 + E_1^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (E_n)^2} \xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} \frac{1}{2}$$

$$E_a := \frac{1}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot 0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(E_n \cdot \frac{2}{\pi} \right) \cdot 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{\pi}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{100} \left(\int_0^{2 \cdot \pi} \cos(2 \cdot n \cdot (\theta + \phi)) d\theta \right) \rightarrow 0$$

$$f(\theta) := \sum_{n=1}^m \left(\frac{2}{\pi} \frac{1}{(2 \cdot n - 1)} \cdot \sin((2 \cdot n - 1) \cdot (\theta + \phi)) \right) + \frac{1}{2}$$



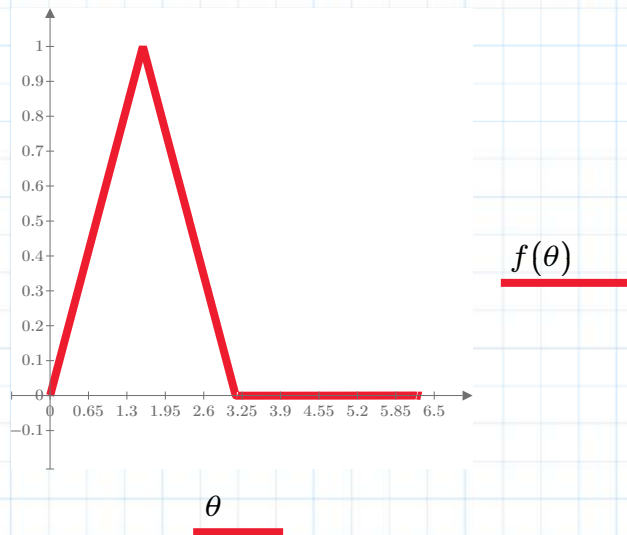
$$E_0 := \frac{1}{2}$$

$$E_n := \frac{2}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \pi} \frac{1}{(2 \cdot n - 1)}$$

$$E := \sqrt{E_0^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (E_n)^2} \xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$E_a := \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (E_n \cdot 0) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(\theta) := \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{\pi^2} \cdot \left(\sum_{n=1}^m \left(\frac{-\cos(2 \cdot (2n-1) \cdot (\theta + \phi))}{(2 \cdot n - 1)^2} \right) \right) + \frac{4}{\pi^2} \cdot \left(\sum_{n=1}^m \left(\frac{-(-1)^n \cdot \sin((2 \cdot n - 1) \cdot (\theta + \phi))}{(2 \cdot n - 1)^2} \right) \right)$$



$$E_0 := \frac{1}{4} \quad E_n := \frac{2}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \pi^2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{(2 \cdot n - 1)^2} \right)$$

$$E_{n2} := \frac{4}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \pi^2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{(2 \cdot n - 1)^2} \right)$$

$$E := \sqrt{E_0^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (E_n)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (E_{n2})^2} \xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$$

$$E_a := \frac{1}{4} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (E_n + E_{n2}) \cdot 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}$$