

Ex.7 Convolution (Response of electric circuit, with rectangular input; 0.5Hz,1 [V])
 $R=1\Omega, L=1\text{ H}$ (Series connection)

$R:=1$ $L:=1$ $Z(s):=R+s\cdot L$ $h(t):=e^{-t}$ impulse response

$h(t):=e^{-t} \xrightarrow{\text{laplace}} \frac{1}{s+1}$ $H(s):=\frac{1}{s+1}$ $T:=2$ $h(t):=e^{-t}$

$e(t) = \Phi(t) - 2\cdot\Phi\left(t-\frac{T}{2}\right) + 2\cdot\Phi(t-T) - 2\cdot\Phi\left(t-\frac{3\cdot T}{2}\right) + 2\cdot\Phi(t-2\cdot T) \dots$

$e(t) := \Phi(t) - \sum_{n=1}^m \left(2\cdot\Phi\left(t-\frac{(2\cdot n-1)\cdot T}{2}\right) - 2\cdot\Phi(t-n\cdot T) \right) - \Phi(t-m\cdot T)$

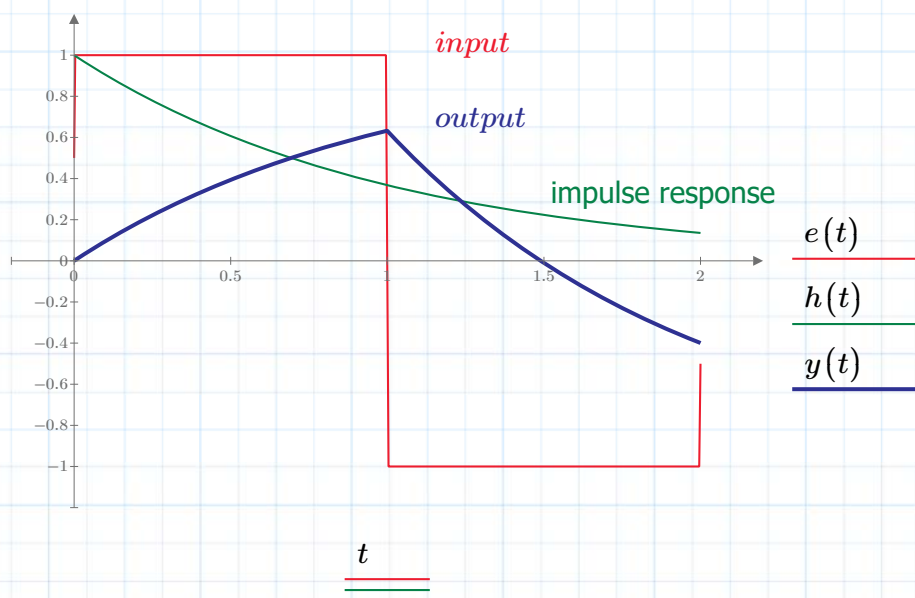
$m:=1$

$e(t) := \Phi(t) - \sum_{n=1}^m \left(2\cdot\Phi\left(t-\frac{(2\cdot n-1)\cdot T}{2}\right) - 2\cdot\Phi(t-n\cdot T) \right) - \Phi(t-m\cdot T) \xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} \Phi(t) - 2\cdot\Phi(t-1)$

$e(t) := \Phi(t) - 2\cdot\Phi\left(t-\frac{T}{2}\right) + \Phi(t-T)$ *input*

$E(s) := \frac{1}{s} - \frac{2\cdot e^{-1\cdot s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-2\cdot s}}{s}$ *output*

$y(t) := E(s) \cdot H(s) \xrightarrow{\text{invlaplace}} \Phi(t-2) - 2\cdot\Phi(t-1) - e^{-t} + 2\cdot e^{1-t} \cdot \Phi(t-1) - e^{2-t} \cdot \Phi(t-2) + 1$



$$m := 2$$

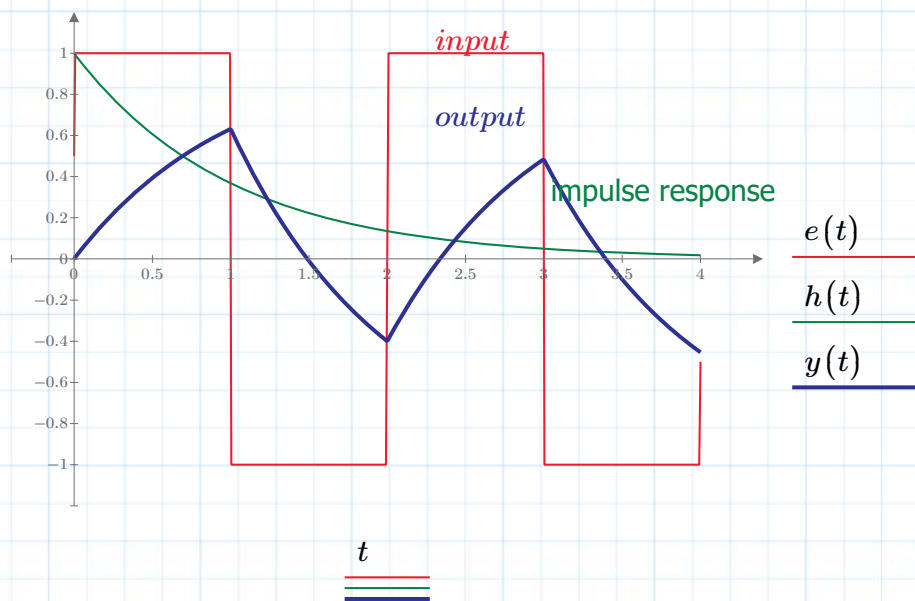
$$e(t) := \Phi(t) - \sum_{n=1}^m \left(2 \cdot \Phi \left(t - \frac{(2 \cdot n - 1) \cdot T}{2} \right) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - n \cdot T) \right) - \Phi(t - m \cdot T) \xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} \Phi(t) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 1)$$

$$e(t) := \Phi(t) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 1) + 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 2) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 3) + \Phi(t - 4) \quad \text{input}$$

$$E(s) := \frac{1}{s} - \frac{2 \cdot e^{-1 \cdot s}}{s} + \frac{2 \cdot e^{-2 \cdot s}}{s} - \frac{2 \cdot e^{-3 \cdot s}}{s} + \frac{1 \cdot e^{-4 \cdot s}}{s} \quad \text{output}$$

$$y(t) := E(s) \cdot H(s) \xrightarrow{\text{involaplace}} 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 2) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 1) - e^{-t} - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 3) + \Phi(t - 4) + 2 \cdot e^{1-t} \cdot \Phi(t - 1) - 2 \cdot e^{2-t} \cdot \Phi(t - 2) + 2 \cdot e^{3-t} \cdot \Phi(t - 3) - e^{4-t} \cdot \Phi(t - 4) + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) := & 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 2) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 1) - e^{-t} - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 3) \downarrow \\ & + \Phi(t - 4) + 2 \cdot e^{1-t} \cdot \Phi(t - 1) - 2 \cdot e^{2-t} \cdot \Phi(t - 2) \downarrow \\ & + 2 \cdot e^{3-t} \cdot \Phi(t - 3) - e^{4-t} \cdot \Phi(t - 4) + 1 \end{aligned}$$



$m := 3$

$$e(t) := \Phi(t) - \sum_{n=1}^m \left(2 \cdot \Phi \left(t - \frac{(2 \cdot n - 1) \cdot T}{2} \right) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - n \cdot T) \right) - \Phi(t - m \cdot T) \xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} \Phi(t) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 1) + 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 2) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 3) + 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 4) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 5) + \Phi(t - 6)$$

$$e(t) := \Phi(t) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 1) + 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 2) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 3) + 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 4) - 2 \cdot \Phi(t - 5) + \Phi(t - 6)$$

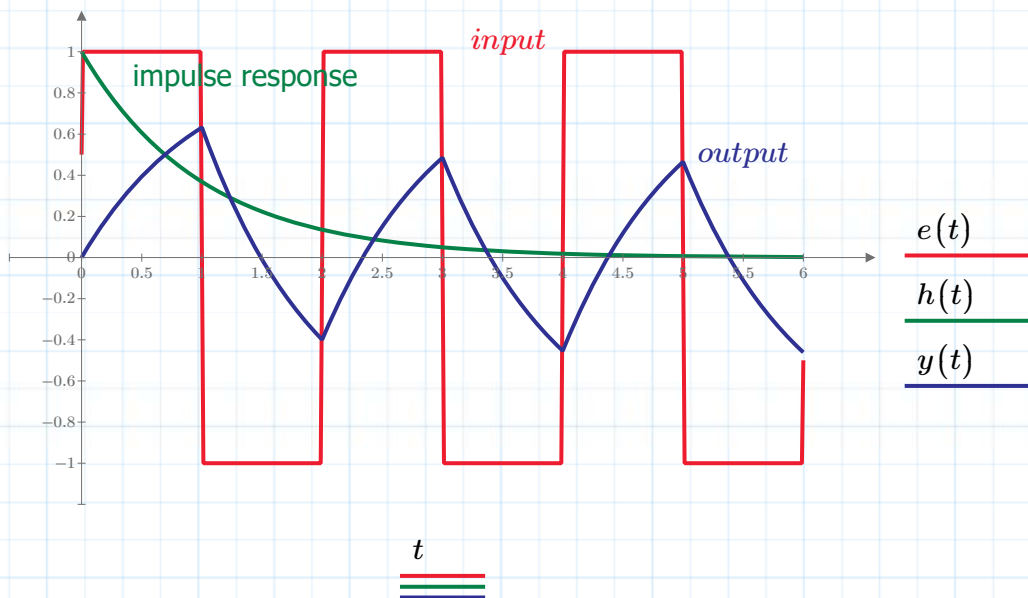
$$E(s) := \frac{(e^{-s} - 1)^2 \cdot (e^{-2 \cdot s} + e^{-4 \cdot s} + 1)}{s}$$

input

output

$$y(t) := E(s) \cdot H(s) \xrightarrow{\text{invlaplace}} \Phi(t - 1) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{1-t} - 2) - e^{-t} - \Phi(t - 2) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{2-t} - 2) + \Phi(t - 3) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{3-t} - 2) - \Phi(t - 4) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{4-t} - 2) + \Phi(t - 5) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{5-t} - 2) - \Phi(t - 6) \cdot (e^{6-t} - 1) + 1$$

$$y(t) := \Phi(t - 1) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{1-t} - 2) - e^{-t} - \Phi(t - 2) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{2-t} - 2) + \Phi(t - 3) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{3-t} - 2) - \Phi(t - 4) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{4-t} - 2) + \Phi(t - 5) \cdot (2 \cdot e^{5-t} - 2) - \Phi(t - 6) \cdot (e^{6-t} - 1) + 1$$



$$y(5) = 0.465$$

$$y(6) = -0.461$$

$$(1 + A) \cdot e^{-1} - 1 = -A \xrightarrow{\text{solve, } A} -\frac{e^{-1} - 1}{e^{-1} + 1} = 0.462$$

$$1.462 \cdot e^{-1} - 1 = -0.462$$

$$e^{-t} = 0.001 \xrightarrow{\text{solve, } t} 6.9077552789821370521$$