

Description

The selection of steel columns subject to axial load and bending is a tedious trial and error process. The first step is to guess a suitable trial section or to use fairly elaborate approximate formulas to select a reasonable first trial selection. The second step is to check the first trial section to determine if it satisfies the AISC Specification interaction equations. If the first trial selection is not satisfactory the process must be repeated with a second trial section. If the lowest weight section is required, additional cycles of calculations may be required.

This application computes section properties, slenderness ratios, actual and allowable axial and bending stresses, amplification factors and moment modifiers, and the beam-column interaction equations of the AISC Specification, for hollow circular tubes or pipe column sections with axial load and end moments about one or both axes. The required input includes axial load and end moments about one or both axes, column length, effective length factors, yield strength, indication as to whether the column is free to sway about one or both axis directions, and diameter and thickness of section.

A summary of input, the solution of the interaction equations, and a listing of all computed values is shown on pages 10-12.

Reference: AISC "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings -- Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design with Commentary." June 1, 1989



Note \Rightarrow	Note \Rightarrow Positive values of M indicate clockwise moments and negative values indicate counterclockwise moments.			
Effective leng axis:	gth factor relative to the X	$K_x \coloneqq 1.0$		
Effective leng	gth factor relative to the Y axis:	$K_y \coloneqq 1.0$		
Variable "X_ prevented, an	Sway" defined as 0 if sidesway is ad 1 if sidesway is permitted:	$X_Sway \coloneqq 0$		
Variable "Y_ prevented, an	Sway" defined as 0 if sidesway is ad 1 if sidesway is permitted:	$Y_Sway \coloneqq 0$		
Enter estimate	d values for the outside diameter and v	vall thickness.		

Outside diameter of pipe: $D \coloneqq 12.75 \cdot in$

Wall thickness of pipe: $t \coloneqq 0.500 \cdot in$

Computed Section Properties

А	cross section area of member
W	weight of section per unit length
Ι	moment of inertia
r	radius of gyration
S	section modulus

Computed Variables

fa	axial compressive stress
fb_xu	bending stress about the X axis at the upper end of the column
fb_xl	bending stress about the X axis at the lower end of the column
fb_yu	bending stress about the Y axis at the upper end of the column
fb_yl	bending stress about the Y axis at the lower end of the column
Fa	allowable compressive axial stress (AISC Specification, Eqs. (E2-1) and (E2-2))
Fb	Allowable bending stress for compact or non-compact sections (AISC Specification, Eq. (F3-1))
F'ex	Euler's stress about the X axis divided by a factor of safety (AISC Specification, Sect. H-1)
F'ey	Euler's stress about the Y axis divided by a factor of safety (AISC Specification, Sect. H-1)
Cb	moment modifier factor (AISC Specification, Sect. F1-3)
CF	a variable defined within this application to reflect compact section criteria of AISC S pecification, Table B5.1. Section is compact if $CF = 1$, and a slender compression element (not covered by this application) if $CF = 0$.

Calculations

This application is limited to steels with a yield strength less than or equal to 65 ksi:

$$F_{y} := if \langle F_{y} > 65 \cdot ksi, 65 \cdot ksi, F_{y} \rangle = 36 ksi$$

Section Properties

Cross section area:

$$A \coloneqq \boldsymbol{\pi} \cdot \left(\boldsymbol{D} \cdot \boldsymbol{t} - \boldsymbol{t}^2 \right) = 19.242 \ \boldsymbol{in}^2$$

Section weight per unit length:

$$W \coloneqq A \cdot 3.4 \cdot \frac{lb}{ft \cdot in^2} = 65.424 \frac{lb}{ft}$$

Moment of inertia:

$$I := \frac{\pi \cdot \left(D^4 - \left(D - 2 \cdot t \right)^4 \right)}{64} = 361.544 \ in^4$$

Section modulus:

$$S \coloneqq \frac{2 \cdot I}{D} = 56.713 \ in^3$$

Radius of gyration:

$$r \coloneqq \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}} = 4.335 \ in$$

Axial stress:

$$f_a := \frac{P}{A} = 12.992 \ ksi$$

Bending stress due to moment about the X axis at the upper end of the column:

$$f_{b_xu} \coloneqq \frac{M_{xu}}{S} \qquad \qquad f_{b_xu} = 2.5 \ ksi$$

Bending stress due to moment about the X axis at the lower end of the column:

$$f_{b_xl} \coloneqq \frac{M_{xl}}{S} = -2.539 \ ksi$$

Bending stress due to moment about the Y axis at the upper end of the column:

$$f_{b_yu} := \frac{M_{yu}}{S} = 0.846 \ ksi$$

Bending stress due to moment about the Y axis at the lower end of the column:

$$f_{b_yl}\!\coloneqq\!\frac{M_{yl}}{S}\!=\!-0.846~\textit{ksi}$$

Slenderness ratios about the X and Y axes:

$$\frac{K_x \cdot L}{r} = 54 \qquad \qquad \frac{K_y \cdot L}{r} = 54$$

Larger slenderness ratio:

$$SR \coloneqq \operatorname{if}\left(\frac{K_x \cdot L}{r} > \frac{K_y \cdot L}{r}, \frac{K_x \cdot L}{r}, \frac{K_y \cdot L}{r}\right) = 53.984$$

If SR is >200 a larger section or bracing is required.

Modulus of elasticity of steel:

$$E \coloneqq 29000 \cdot ksi$$

Column slenderness ratio separating elastic and inelastic buckling (see AISC Specification, Eq. (E2-1)):

$$C_c \coloneqq \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot E}{F_y}} = 126.099$$

Section is compact if D/t is less than or equal to $3300/F_y$ (AISC Specification, Sect. B5 and Table B5.1). Hollow circular sections that are not compact are not covered by this application. Section is compact if CF = 1, and a slender compression element (not covered by this application) if CF = 0.

$$CF := if \left(\frac{D}{t} \le \frac{3300 \cdot ksi}{F_{y}}, 1, 0 \right) \qquad \qquad \frac{D}{t} = 25.5 \qquad CF = 1$$

Allowable axial stress (AISC Specification, Eqs. (E2-1) and (E2-2)) with SR substituted for Kl/r:

(If SR is greater than 200 or if the section is a "slender compression element" this equation will return F_a equal to 0.)

Ratio of the smaller end moment Mxa to the larger end moment Mxb about the X axis:

$$\begin{split} M_{xa} &:= \mathbf{if} \left(\left| M_{xu} \right| < \left| M_{xl} \right|, M_{xu}, M_{xl} \right) \\ M_{xb} &:= \mathbf{if} \left(M_{xa} = M_{xu}, M_{xl}, M_{xu} \right) \\ \\ \frac{M_{xa}}{M_{xb}} = -1 \end{split}$$

Ratio of the smaller end moment M_{ya} to the larger end moment M_{yb} about the Y axis:

$$\begin{split} M_{ya} &\coloneqq \mathbf{if} \left< \left| M_{yu} \right| < \left| M_{yl} \right|, M_{yu}, M_{yl} \right> \\ M_{yb} &\coloneqq \mathbf{if} \left< M_{ya} = M_{yu}, M_{yl}, M_{yu} \right> \\ \\ \frac{M_{ya}}{M_{yb}} &= -1 \end{split}$$

Moment modifier factor Cb (AISC Specification, Sect. F1-3):

$$\begin{split} C_b &\coloneqq 1.75 + 1.05 \cdot \frac{M_{xa}}{M_{xb}} + 0.3 \cdot \left(\frac{M_{xa}}{M_{xb}}\right)^2 \\ C_b &\coloneqq \text{if} \left((X_Sway = 0) \cdot \left(f_a > 0 \cdot \textbf{ksi}\right), 1.0, \text{if} \left(C_b < 2.3, C_b, 2.3\right) \right) = 1 \end{split}$$

If the ends of the member are braced to prevent sidesway in the X direction and the axial stress is greater than 0 ksi, Cb equals 1.0.

Allowable bending stress for compact or non-compact sections (AISC Specification, Eq. (F3-1)):

$$F_b := if (CF = 1, 0.66 \cdot F_y, 0 \cdot ksi) = 23.76 \ ksi$$

Euler's stress for the X and Y directions, divided by a factor or safety and using the actual unbraced length and corresponding radius of gyration in the plain of bending (AISC Specification, Sect. H-1):

$$F'_{ex} \coloneqq \frac{12 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot E}{23 \cdot \left(\frac{K_x \cdot L}{r}\right)^2} = 51.242 \ ksi \qquad \qquad F'_{ey} \coloneqq \frac{12 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot E}{23 \cdot \left(\frac{K_y \cdot L}{r}\right)^2} = 51.242 \ ksi$$

Moment coefficients for X and Y directions (AISC Specification, Sect. H-1):

$$C_{mx} \coloneqq \text{if} \left(X_Sway = 0, 0.6 - 0.4 \cdot \left(\frac{M_{xa}}{M_{xb}} \right), 0.85 \right) \qquad \qquad C_{mx} = 1$$

$$C_{my} \coloneqq \text{if}\left(Y_Sway = 0, 0.6 - 0.4 \cdot \left(\frac{M_{ya}}{M_{yb}}\right), 0.85\right) \qquad \qquad C_{my} = 1$$

AISC Specification Eqs. (H1-1) and (H1-2) for combined axial compression and bending, expressed as functions of bending stresses about the X and Y axes:

$$H1_1\left(f_{bx}, f_{by}\right) \coloneqq \frac{f_a}{F_a} + \frac{C_{mx} \cdot f_{bx}}{\left(1 - \frac{f_a}{F'_{ex}}\right) \cdot F_b} + \frac{C_{my} \cdot f_{by}}{\left(1 - \frac{f_a}{F'_{ey}}\right) \cdot F_b}$$

$$H1_2(f_{bx}, f_{by}) \coloneqq \frac{f_a}{0.60 \cdot F_y} + \frac{f_{bx}}{F_b} + \frac{f_{by}}{F_b}$$

At upper end of column:

$$\begin{split} H1_1\left<\left|f_{b_xu}\right|,\left|f_{b_yu}\right|\right> = 0.913\\ H1_2\left<\left|f_{b_xu}\right|,\left|f_{b_yu}\right|\right> = 0.744 \end{split}$$

At lower end of column:

$$\begin{split} H1_1\left(\left|f_{b_xl}\right|,\left|f_{b_yl}\right|\right) &= 0.913\\ H1_2\left(\left|f_{b_xl}\right|,\left|f_{b_yl}\right|\right) &= 0.744\\ \\ HEQ &\coloneqq \begin{bmatrix} H1_1\left(f_{b_xu},f_{b_yu}\right) & H1_1\left(f_{b_xl},f_{b_yl}\right) \\ H1_2\left(f_{b_xu},f_{b_yu}\right) & H1_2\left(f_{b_xl},f_{b_yl}\right) \end{bmatrix}\\ \\ \max\left(HEQ\right) &= 0.913 \end{split}$$

If the maximum value of interaction equations H1_1 or H1_2 is less than or equal 1.0 the section is adequate. If the section is too small or too large, a new trial section may be entered.

Summary

Pipe Size

Outside	diameter	$D = 1^{\circ}$	0 75	in
Outside	ulameter.	D = 1	2.10	111

Wall thickness: t=0.5 in

Input

три			
Yield strength of steel:	$F_y = 36 \ ksi$		
Column axial load:	$P = 250 \ kip$		
Unbraced column length:	L = 19.5 ft		
End moment about the X axi end of the column:	s, at the upper	$M_{xu} = 12 \ kip \cdot ft$	
End moment about the Y axi end of the column:	s, at the upper	$M_{yu} {=} 4 \; kip {f \cdot} ft$	
End moment about the X axi end of the column:	s, at the lower	$M_{xl}\!=\!-12\ kip{ullet}ft$	
End moment about the Y axi lower end of the column:	s, at the	$M_{yl}\!=\!-4\ kip{ullet}ft$	
Effective length factor relativ	ve to the X	$K_x = 1$	
Effective length factor relativ	ve to the Y axis:	$K_y = 1$	
Variable "X_Sway" defined a is prevented, and 1 if sideswa	as 0 if sidesway ay is permitted:	$X_Sway = 0$	
Variable "Y_Sway" defined a prevented, and 1 if sidesway	as 0 if sidesway is is permitted:	$Y_Sway=0$	

Maximum value of H1-1 or H1-2: max(HEQ) = 0.913

Note \Rightarrow If the maximum value of H1-1 or H1-2 is significantly larger than 1.0 a stronger section must be used.

Estimated trial tube wall thickness for follow-up estimates, assuming no change in bf or d. Suggested value of t may be too thin or unavailable:

 $\max(HEQ) \cdot t = 0.456 \ in$

Intermediate Computed Values:

(Refer to document for definitions.)

$A = 19.242 in^2$	$f_a \!=\! 12.992 \ ksi$	$F_a = 17.993 \ ksi$
$I\!=\!361.544in^4$	f_{b_xu} =2.539 ksi	$F_b \!=\! 23.76~ksi$
$r\!=\!4.335~in$	$f_{b_xl}\!=\!-2.539~ksi$	F'_{ex} =51.242 ksi
$S\!=\!56.713in^3$	$f_{b_yu}\!=\!0.846~ksi$	$F'_{ey}\!=\!51.242~ksi$
$\frac{K_x \cdot L}{= 53.984}$	$f_{b_yl}\!=\!-0.846~ksi$	$C_{mx} = 1$
r	$C_c \!=\! 126.099$	$C_{my} = 1$
$\frac{K_y \cdot L}{r} = 53.984$	$C_b = 1$	CF = 1