

height vs Pressure

$$data := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 101 \\ 500 & 99.5 \\ 1000 & 97.7 \\ 1500 & 96 \\ 2000 & 94.2 \\ 2500 & 92.5 \\ 3000 & 90.8 \\ 3500 & 89.1 \\ 4000 & 87.5 \\ 4500 & 85.9 \\ 5000 & 84.3 \\ 6000 & 81.2 \\ 7000 & 78.2 \\ 8000 & 75.3 \\ 9000 & 72.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$x := data^{(0)}$

$y := data^{(1)}$

clear.sym(x)

$kJ := 1000 J$

$Guess := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$Func(t) :=$

```

if Fit = 0
  || coeffs ← line(x, y)
  || coeffs0 + coeffs1 t
else if Fit = 1
  || coeffs ← lgsfit(x, y, Guess)
  || coeffs0
  || -----
  || 1 + coeffs1 e-coeffs2 t
else if Fit = 2
  || coeffs ← expfit(x, y)
  || coeffs0 · ecoeffs1 t + coeffs2
else if Fit = 3
  || coeffs ← lnfit(x, y)
  || coeffs0 ln(t) + coeffs1
else if Fit = 4
  || coeffs ← pwrfit(x, y, Guess)
  || coeffs0 tcoeffs1 + coeffs2
else
  || coeffs ← sinfit(x, y, Guess)
  || coeffs0 sin(t + coeffs1) + coeffs2

```

$coeffs :=$

```

if Fit = 0
  || coeffs ← line(x, y)
else if Fit = 1
  || coeffs ← lgsfit(x, y, Guess)
else if Fit = 2
  || coeffs ← expfit(x, y)
else if Fit = 3
  || coeffs ← lnfit(x, y)
else if Fit = 4
  || coeffs ← pwrfit(x, y, Guess)
else
  || coeffs ← sinfit(x, y, Guess)
return coeffs

```

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -0.006 \\ 0.928 \\ 101.317 \end{bmatrix}$$

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function :=
  if Fit = 0
  || b ← coeffs0 · x + coeffs1
  ||
  || else if Fit = 1
  || || coeffs0
  || || b ← —————
  || || 1 + coeffs1 e-coeffs2 · x
  || ||
  || else if Fit = 2
  || || b ← coeffs0 · ecoeffs1 · x + coeffs2
  || ||
  || else if Fit = 3
  || || b ← coeffs0 ln(x) + coeffs1
  || ||
  || else if Fit = 4
  || || b ← coeffs0 xcoeffs1 + coeffs2
  || ||
  || else
  || || b ← coeffs0 sin(x + coeffs1) + coeffs2
  || ||
  || return b

```

$$Pressure(x) := function \xrightarrow{float, 3} -0.00625 \cdot x^{0.928} + 101.0$$

$$\mu := \text{mean}(y)$$

$$R_squared := 1 - \frac{\sum (y - Pressure(x))^2}{\sum (y - \mu)^2}$$

0	“linear”
1	“logistic”
2	“exponential”
3	“logarithmic”
4	“power”
5	“sine”

Fit ≡ 4

$$Pressure(x) := -0.00625 \text{ kPa} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{ft}\right)^{0.928} + 101.0 \text{ kPa}$$

$$Pressure(x) = -0.00625 \cdot x^{0.928} + 101.0 \quad x \text{ is height}$$

$R_squared = 0.99794$ Pressure equation was created by fitting a curve to data

$$R := 286.9 \frac{J}{kg \cdot K}$$

$$T_{hot_air} := 175.302 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{balloon} := 200000 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$Q = Mass \cdot \Delta T \cdot Cp$$

$$Cp_{air} := 1.005 \frac{kJ}{kg \cdot K} = (2.755 \cdot 10^5) \frac{J}{kg \cdot 1 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}}$$

$$Temp := 15 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}, 15.1 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} .. T_{hot_air}$$

$$mass(Temp) := \frac{Pressure(0 \text{ ft})}{R \cdot Temp} \cdot V_{balloon}$$



$$Q(Temp) := mass(Temp) \cdot 1 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \cdot C_{p_{air}}$$



$$\sum_{n=15}^{175} Q(n \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}) = (2.434 \cdot 10^{11}) \text{ J}$$

$$Q_{aprox} := mass(15 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}) \cdot (T_{hot_air} - 15 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}) \cdot C_{p_{air}} = (1.115 \cdot 10^9) \text{ J}$$